

STAN-TONE HCC-9699 GRAY

Version Number 1.0
Revision Date 01/10/2003

Page 1 of 7
Print Date 11/7/2011

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

POLYONE CORPORATION
2700 Papin Street, St. Louis, MO 63103

NON-EMERGENCY TELEPHONE : Product Stewardship, (314) 771-1800
Emergency telephone number : **CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).**

Product name : STAN-TONE HCC-9699 GRAY
 Product code : FO00005241
 Chemical Name : Mixture
 CAS-No. : Mixture
 Product Use : Industrial Applications

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS-No.	Weight %
Carbon black	1333-86-4	1 - 5
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7	30 - 60
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	60 - 100

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Information provided on health effects of this product is based on the individual components. However, some vapors or contaminants may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. See sections 8 and 11 for special precautions.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Routes of Exposure: : Inhalation, Skin contact, Ingestion

Acute exposure

Inhalation : Inhalation of airborne droplets may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.
 Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed.
 Eyes : May cause eye/skin irritation.
 Skin : Experience shows no unusual dermatitis hazard from routine handling.

Chronic exposure : Refer to Section 11 for Toxicological Information.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE HCC-9699 GRAY

Version Number 1.0

Page 2 of 7

Revision Date 01/10/2003

Print Date 11/7/2011

Medical Conditions : None known.
Aggravated by Exposure:

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation : Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of fumes from overheating or combustion. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Seek medical attention if necessary.

Eyes : Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Skin : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation persists seek medical attention.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point : No data available.

Flammable Limits
 Upper explosion limit : No data available.
 Lower explosion limit : No data available.

Autoignition temperature : Not applicable.

Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide blanket, dry powder, foam, Water spray.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures : Fullface self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) used in positive pressure mode should be worn to prevent inhalation of airborne contaminants.

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards : None

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions : Wear appropriate personal protection during cleanup, such as impervious gloves, boots and coveralls.

Environmental precautions : Should not be released into the environment. The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Package all material in appropriate container for disposal. Refer to Section 13 of this MSDS for proper disposal methods.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling : Heat only in areas with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Prolonged

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE HCC-9699 GRAY

Version Number 1.0

Page 4 of 7

Revision Date 01/10/2003

Print Date 11/7/2011

Odor	: Very faint	Vapor pressure	: Not determined
Melting point/range	: Not applicable	Vapor density	: Heavier than air.
Boiling Point:	: Not applicable	pH	: Not determined
Water solubility	: Immiscible		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability	: Stable.
Hazardous Polymerization	: Will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Keep away from oxidizing agents and open flame. To avoid thermal decomposition, do not overheat.
Incompatible Materials	: Incompatible with strong acids and oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Carbon dioxide (CO ₂), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NO _x), other hazardous materials, and smoke are all possible.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Toxicity Overview

This product contains the following components which in their pure form have the following characteristics:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Effect	Target Organ
1333-86-4	Carbon black	Systemic effects	Eyes, Respiratory system.
117-81-7	Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	Systemic effects	Eyes, Respiratory system, Liver, central nervous system, Skin, digestive system.
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	Systemic effects	Respiratory system.

LC50 / LD50

This product contains the following components which in their pure form have the following toxicity data:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	Route	Value	Species
1333-86-4	Carbon black	Oral LD50	> 15,400 mg/kg	rat
		Dermal LD50	> 3 gm/kg	rabbit
117-81-7	Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	Oral LD50	30 gm/kg	rat
		Dermal LD50	25 gm/kg	rabbit

Carcinogenicity:

This product contains the following components which in their pure form have the following carcinogenicity data:

CAS-No.	Chemical Name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
1333-86-4	Carbon black	no	2B	no
117-81-7	Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	no	no	2

STAN-TONE HCC-9699 GRAY

Version Number 1.0
Revision Date 01/10/2003

Page 5 of 7
Print Date 11/7/2011

IARC Carcinogen Classifications:

- 1 - The component is carcinogenic to humans.
- 2A - The component is probably carcinogenic to humans.
- 2B - The component is possibly carcinogenic to humans.

NTP Carcinogen Classifications:

- 1 - The component is known to be a human carcinogen.
- 2 - The component is reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Additional Health Hazard Information:

Carbon black 1333-86-4 Carcinogenicity: Many inhalation toxicologists believe that the tumor response observed in the referenced rat studies is species specific and does not correlate to human exposure. However, the IARC evaluation in Monograph Volume 65, issued in April 1996 concluded that, "There is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of carbon black". Based on this evaluation, along with their evaluation of inadequate evidence of carcinogenicity in humans, IARC's overall evaluation is that "Carbon Black is possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). Carbon Black has not been listed as a carcinogen by the National Toxicology Program (NTP) or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). The National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) criteria document on carbon black recommends that only carbon black with PAH (polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon) levels greater than 0.1% be considered suspect carcinogens.

Additional Health Hazard Information:

Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 117-81-7 There is sufficient evidence for the carcinogenicity of di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate in experimental animals. Administered in the feed this chemical caused an increase incidence of liver cancer in male and female rats and mice. The relevance of this finding to humans is uncertain.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Persistence and degradability	:	Not readily biodegradable.
Environmental Toxicity	:	Environmental toxicity has not been established for this mixture as a whole.
Bioaccumulation Potential	:	No data available.
Additional advice	:	No data available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product	:	Where possible, recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. The generator of waste material has the responsibility for proper waste classification, transportation and disposal in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial and local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	:	Recycling is preferred when possible. The generator of waste material has the responsibility for proper waste classification, transportation and disposal in accordance with applicable federal, state/provincial and local regulations.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE HCC-9699 GRAY

Version Number 1.0
Revision Date 01/10/2003

Page 6 of 7
Print Date 11/7/2011

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Classification : Refer to specific regulation.

ICAO/IATA : Refer to specific regulation.

IMO / IMDG : Refer to specific regulation.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Regulations:

OSHA Status : Classified as hazardous based on components.

TSCA Status : All components of this product are listed on or exempt from the TSCA Inventory.

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	% in Product	RQ for component	RQ for Mixture/Product
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7	31.8000	100 lbs	314 LB

California Proposition 65 : WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight %
DI(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE (DEHP)	117-81-7	31.80

Canadian Regulations:

WHMIS Classification : D2A

WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List

CAS-No.
1333-86-4

STAN-TONE HCC-9699 GRAY

Version Number 1.0

Revision Date 01/10/2003

Page 7 of 7

Print Date 11/7/2011

117-81-7

DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are exempt.

National Inventories:

Australia AICS : Listed.

China IECS : Listed.

Europe EINECS : Listed.

Japan ENCS : Not determined.

Korea KECI : Listed.

Philippines PICCS : Not determined.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.