STAN-TONE VCP-29695 BROWN

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

STAN-TONE VCP-29695 BROWN

Section 1. Identification	on	
GHS product identifier Chemical name CAS number Other means of identification Product type	: : :	STAN-TONE VCP-29695 BROWN Mixture Mixture FO20009950 solid
<u>Relevant identified uses of the subs</u> Supplier's details	stance :	e or mixture and uses advised against AVIENT CORPORATION 1675 Navarre Road SW, Massillon, Ohio USA 44646
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	1 330 837 8679 CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole. Information provided on the health effects of this product is based on individual components. All ingredients are bound and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some vapors may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. After handling, always wash hands thoroughly with soap and water.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
GHS label elements		
Signal word Hazard statements	:	Warning May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

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Not applicable. : Not applicable. Prevention : Response Not applicable. Storage Not applicable. Disposal Not applicable. **Supplemental label elements** Keep container tightly closed. : Hazards not otherwise classified None known. : Not available.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

:

:

:

Substance/mixture Chemical name Other means of identification Mixture Mixture FO20009950

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Carbon black	>= 10 - <= 25	1333-86-4
Titanium dioxide	>= 3 - <= 5	13463-67-7
Stearic acid	>= 1 - <= 3	57-11-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept

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Skin contact Ingestion	 under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. 			
Most important symptoms/effects, acu	e and delayed			
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.			
Inhalation	 Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. 			
Skin contact	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Over-exposure signs/symptoms				
Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness			
Inhalation	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing 			
Skin contact	No specific data.			
Ingestion	No specific data.			
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary				
Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.			
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.			
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.			
See toxicological information (Section 11)				

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

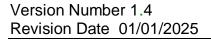
:

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use dry chemical powder.

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Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	:	May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl). Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire- exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel For emergency responders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion- proof equipment. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste
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Large spill

disposal contractor.

:

Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosionproof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Carbon black	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	TWA 3.5 mg/m3
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	TWA 3.5 mg/m3
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	TWA 3.5 mg/m3
	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01)
	TWA 0.1 mgPAH/m ³
	ACGIH TLV (2010-12-06)
	TWA 3 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01)
	TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
	OSHA PEL (1993-06-30)
	TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (2022-01-06)
	TWA 0.2 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction, nanoscale particles
	TWA 2.5 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
Stearic acid	ACGIH TLV (2017-03-01)
	TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction
	TWA 3 mg/m3 Form: Respirable fraction

Appropriate engineering controls Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, : fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be **Environmental exposure controls** : checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.



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Individual protection measures		
Hygiene measures Eye/face protection	 Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the e of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicate higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced. 	end ed e to es a
	use dust goggles.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical produ if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	icts hat
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected bases on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. 	d
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling thi product. 	is
Respiratory protection	 Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator the meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. 	

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	:	solid [Very fine powder.]
Color	:	BROWN

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		NT . 111
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
pH	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not applicable.
D : /:		NI-(
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not applicable.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not applicable.
vapor density	•	Not applicable.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not applicable.
octanol/water		II .
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not applicable.
		11
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available.
		Kinematic: Not applicable.
Aerosol product		
Acrosor product		
Heat of combustion	:	Not available.
Ignition distance	:	Not available.
Enclosed space ignition - Time	:	Not available.
equivalent		
Enclosed space ignition -	:	Not available.
Deflagration density		
Flame height	:	Not available.
Flame duration	:	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	:	Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers during processing. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Carbon black				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15,400 mg/kg	-
Titanium oxide (TiO2)				
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h
	Dusts and mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-
Octadecanoic acid				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4,600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5,000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Octadecanoic acid	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hrs	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin

Mixture.Not fully tested.

:

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Eyes Respiratory	Mixture.Not fully tested.Mixture.Not fully tested.
<u>Sensitization</u>	
Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory	Mixture.Not fully tested.Mixture.Not fully tested.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.Not fully tested.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Carbon black	-	2B	-
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	-	2B	-

<u>Reproductive toxicity</u>		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
Teratogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not available.

Specific target organ	<u>toxicity (re</u>	<u>peated exposure)</u>
Not available.		

Aspiration hazard Not available.

Information on the likely routes of : Not available. exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the eyes.

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Inhalation	:	Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended
Skin contact		exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
ingestion	•	No known significant criters of critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the physical, c	hemi	cal and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract
		irritation, coughing
Skin contact	:	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delaved and immediate effects and	also (chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u> </u>		
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects		Not available.
i otentua uchayeu eneces	•	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	-	Not available.
i otentua uchayeu eneces	•	
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	:	Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity		No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant
•		effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation (gases)	Inhalation (vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists)
STAN-TONE VCP-29695	459586.4	499550.4	N/A	N/A	N/A



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BROWN	mg/kg	mg/kg			
Carbon black	15400 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.82 Mg/l
Octadecanoic acid	4600 mg/kg	5000 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Section 12. Ecological information

:

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Carbon black			
	Acute EC50 37.563 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h
	water		
Titanium oxide (TiO2)			
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 h
	Marine water		
	Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 h
	_	dubia	
	Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 h
	water		

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

:

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Octadecanoic acid	8.23	-	high

Mobility in soil

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Soil/water partition coefficient	:	Not available.
(KOC)		

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever : possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water	:	Not regulated for transportation.
International Air ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules
International Water IMO/IMDG	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None of the components are listed.

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United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Listed Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-(4nonylphenyl)-.omega.-hydroxy-,branched United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed 2-Ethylhexanoic acid zinc salt Phenol Vinyl chloride monomer United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -Hazardous substances: Listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed Listed : Not listed • Not listed • Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I
Substances
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II
Substances
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor
Chemicals)
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential
Chemicals)

Not listed

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US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

:

not applicable

SARA 311/312

Classification

COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Ethene, chloro-,	>= 25 - <= 50	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
homopolymer		
Carbon black	>= 10 - <= 25	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	>= 3 - <= 5	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Octadecanoic acid	>= 1 - <= 3	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

Not applicable.

State regulations		
Massachusetts	:	The following components are listed: Carbon black Iron oxide
NT X7 1		Titanium dioxide
New York	:	None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	:	The following components are listed: Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer Carbon black Iron oxide Titanium dioxide
Pennsylvania	:	The following components are listed: Carbon black
		Iron oxide Titanium dioxide

California Prop. 65



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WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Carbon black, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed isomers), which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed isomers)	-	Yes.
Carbon black	-	-
Titanium dioxide	-	-

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) :

All components are active or exempted.

Canada inventory

: All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations Inventory list

Australia Canada China Eurasian Economic Union Japan	:	Not determined. All components are listed or exempted. Not determined. Russian Federation inventory: Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL) : Not determined.
New Zealand		Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Not determined.
Philippines	:	Not determined.
Republic of Korea	:	Not determined.
Taiwan	:	Not determined.Not determined.
Thailand	:	Not determined.
Turkey	:	Not determined.
United States	:	All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	:	Not determined.

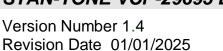
Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	/	0
Flammability		3
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark

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and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

HISTOLA		
Date of printing	:	01/10/2025
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	01/01/2025
Date of previous issue	:	05/19/2022
Version	:	1.4
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
·		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
		pollution)
		UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.