

MMX2011BK BLACK

Version Number 1.8 Page 1 of 17 Revision Date 12/02/2024 Print Date 01/08/2025

SAFETY DATA SHEET

MMX2011BK BLACK

Section 1. Identification

MMX2011BK BLACK **GHS** product identifier

Chemical name Mixture CAS number Mixture Other means of identification FO20015613 **Product type** liquid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use Industrial applications. Plastics.

Supplier's details AVIENT CORPORATION

33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012

CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or

1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (844) 4AVIENT

Emergency telephone number

(with hours of operation) accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Information provided on health effects of this product is based on the individual components. However, some vapors or contaminants may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. See sections 8 and 11 for special precautions. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

OSHA/HCS status This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or

mixture

SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

GHS label elements



MMX2011BK BLACK

Version Number 1.8 Page 2 of 17 Revision Date 12/02/2024 Print Date 01/08/2025

Hazard pictograms

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Causes serious eye damage.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements

: Not applicable.

Prevention : Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid breathing

vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work

clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response : IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements
Hazards not otherwise classified

None known. None known. Not available.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: MixtureChemical name: MixtureOther means of identification: FO20015613

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters,	>= 10 - <= 25	68515-48-0
C9-rich		
Bisphenol A - Epichlorohydrin polymer	>= 10 - <= 25	25068-38-6
Calcium oxide	>= 3 - <= 5	1305-78-8



MMX2011BK BLACK

Version Number 1.8 Page 3 of 17 Revision Date 12/02/2024 Print Date 01/08/2025

Diethylenetriamine	>= 1 - <= 3	111-40-0
Quartz	> 0 - <= 0.3	14808-60-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Skin contact Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. **Ingestion** Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person



MMX2011BK BLACK

Version Number 1.8 Page 4 of 17 Revision Date 12/02/2024 Print Date 01/08/2025

feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms

may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under

medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)



MMX2011BK BLACK

Version Number 1.8
Revision Date 12/02/2024

Page 5 of 17 Print Date 01/08/2025

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO₂.

None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container

may burst.

: May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl).

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated

in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up



MMX2011BK BLACK

Version Number 1.8 Revision Date 12/02/2024 Page 6 of 17 Print Date 01/08/2025

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.



MMX2011BK BLACK

Version Number 1.8 Revision Date 12/02/2024 Page 7 of 17 Print Date 01/08/2025

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	None.
Bisphenol A - Epichlorohydrin polymer	None.
Calcium oxide	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 2 mg/m3 OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 5 mg/m3 OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 5 mg/m3
Diethylenetriamine	ACGIH TLV (1994-09-01) Absorbed through skin. TWA 4.2 mg/m3 1 ppm NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) Absorbed through skin. TWA 4 mg/m3 1 ppm OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 4 mg/m3 1 ppm
Quartz	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 0.1 mg/m3 (Calculated as Quartz) Form: Respirable dust OSHA PEL Z3 (1997-09-03) TWA 250 MPPCF / (%SiO2+5) Form: Respirable TWA 10 MG /M3 / (%SiO2+2) Form: Respirable OSHA PEL Z3 (1997-09-03) TWA 30 MG /M3 / (%SiO2+2) Form: Total dust NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust ACGIH TLV (2005-12-09) TWA 0.025 mg/m3 Form: Respirable fraction OSHA PEL (2016-06-23) TWA 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust

Appropriate engineering controls

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any



MMX2011BK BLACK

Version Number 1.8 Revision Date 12/02/2024 Page 8 of 17 Print Date 01/08/2025

Environmental exposure controls

recommended or statutory limits.

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.



MMX2011BK BLACK

Version Number 1.8 Page 9 of 17 Revision Date 12/02/2024 Print Date 01/08/2025

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state liquid [liquid] Color **BLACK** Not available. Odor **Odor threshold** Not available. Not available. pН **Melting point** Not available. **Boiling point** Not available. Flash point Not available. **Burning time** Not available. **Burning rate** Not available. **Evaporation rate** Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not available. (flammable) limits : Upper: Not available.

Vapor pressureNot available.Vapor densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.SolubilityNot available.Solubility in waterNot available.Partition coefficient: n-Not available.

octanol/water

products

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.Decomposition temperature: Not available.SADT: Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available.

Kinematic: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see

Section 7).

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.

Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers

during processing.

Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition

products should not be produced.



MMX2011BK BLACK

 Version Number 1.8
 Page 10 of 17

 Revision Date 12/02/2024
 Print Date 01/08/2025

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure		
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid,	1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10,000 mg/kg	-		
Bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin p	oolymer					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11,400 mg/kg	-		
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-(2-amir	noethyl)-					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1,080 mg/kg	-		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1,090 mg/kg	=		

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
Bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin polymer	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-(2-aminoethyl)-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-		-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin:Mixture.Not fully tested.Eyes:Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory:Mixture.Not fully tested.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Mixture.Not fully tested.Respiratory: Mixture.Not fully tested.

Mutagenicity



MMX2011BK BLACK

Version Number 1.8 Page 11 of 17 Revision Date 12/02/2024 Print Date 01/08/2025

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture. Not fully tested.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Quartz (SiO2)	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Calcium oxide	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Quartz (SiO2)	Category 1	=	-

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of

Not available.

exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eve contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain, watering, redness

Inhalation : No specific data.



MMX2011BK BLACK

Version Number 1.8 Page 12 of 17 Revision Date 12/02/2024 Print Date 01/08/2025

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation,

redness, blistering may occur

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Other information : This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects.

Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the

individual components which comprise the mixture.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-(2-amin	oethyl)-		



MMX2011BK BLACK

Version Number 1.8 Revision Date 12/02/2024 Page 13 of 17 Print Date 01/08/2025

	Acute LC50 1,014 Mg/l Fresh	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 h
	water		
	Acute LC50 53.5 Mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h
	water		
Calcium oxide			
	Chronic NOEC 100 Mg/l Fresh	Fish - Oreochromis niloticus	46 d
	water		

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-	8.8	3.00	low
10-branched alkyl esters, C9-rich			
Bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin	2.64 - 3.78	31.00	low
polymer			
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1-(2-	-5.58	2.80 - 6.30	low
aminoethyl)-			
Calcium oxide	-	2.34	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever

possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered



MMX2011BK BLACK

Version Number 1.8
Revision Date 12/02/2024

Page 14 of 17 Print Date 01/08/2025

when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water : Not regulated for transportation.

International Air ICAO/IATA

: Consult mode specific transport rules

International Water

IMO/IMDG

: Consult mode specific transport rules

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None

of the components are listed.

United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Listed Diisononyl

phthalate

1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C8-10-branched alkyl esters,

C9-rich

United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not

listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:

Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not

determined



MMX2011BK BLACK

Version Number 1.8 Revision Date 12/02/2024 Page 15 of 17 Print Date 01/08/2025

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report

(PAIR): Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR):

Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority

pollutants: Listed Phenol

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -

Hazardous substances: Listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental

release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed

United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)

Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I

Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II

Substances

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor

Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential

Chemicals)

Listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

not applicable

SARA 311/312

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Not applicable.

State regulations

Massachusetts: None of the components are listed.New York: None of the components are listed.



MMX2011BK BLACK

Version Number 1.8 Page 16 of 17 Revision Date 12/02/2024 Print Date 01/08/2025

New Jersey : The following components are listed:

Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer

Calcium oxide Diethylenetriamine

Quartz

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed:

Calcium oxide

Diethylenetriamine

Quartz

California Prop. 65

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

International regulations

Inventory list

Australia

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.

China : Not determined.

Eurasian Economic Union

Japan

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand: Not determined.Philippines: Not determined.Republic of Korea: Not determined.

Taiwan : Not determined. Not determined.

Thailand

Turkey : Not determined.

United States : All components are listed or exempted.

Viet Nam :

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	/	3
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required



MMX2011BK BLACK

Version Number 1.8 Revision Date 12/02/2024 Page 17 of 17 Print Date 01/08/2025

on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

History

Date of printing: 01/08/2025Date of issue/Date of revision: 12/02/2024Date of previous issue: 04/10/2018

Version : 1.8

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From

Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine

pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.