DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/03/2025



Page 1 of 21 Print Date 01/10/2025

SAFETY DATA SHEET

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Section 1. Identification		
GHS product identifier Chemical name CAS number Other means of identification Product type	:	DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM Mixture Mixture FO20042133 liquid
Relevant identified uses of the substa Product use	ance :	or mixture and uses advised against Industrial applications. Plastics.
Supplier's details	:	AVIENT CORPORATION 33587 Walker Road, Avon Lake, OH 44012
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	:	1 (440) 930-1000 or 1 (844) 4AVIENT CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 (24hrs for spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident).

Section 2. Hazards identification

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Information provided on health effects of this product is based on the individual components. However, some vapors or contaminants may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respiratory protection, etc.) to protect employees from exposure. See sections 8 and 11 for special precautions. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

GHS label elements

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/03/2025

ÀVIENT

Page 2 of 21 Print Date 01/10/2025

Hazard pictograms	:	
Signal word Hazard statements	:	Danger May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	Not applicable. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Avoid breathing vapor. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the
Response	:	workplace. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	Store locked up.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:	None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified	:	None known. Not available.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Chemical name	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	FO20042133

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Titanium dioxide	>= 10 - <= 25	13463-67-7
2,4,4-Trimethyl-1,3-penytanediol diisobutyrate	>= 5 - <= 10	6846-50-0
Silica, cristobalite	>= 3 - <= 5	14464-46-1



DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/03/2025 Page 3 of 21 Print Date 01/10/2025

Antimony trioxide	>= 1 - <= 3	1309-64-4
Silica, amorphous	>= 1 - <= 3	7631-86-9
Bisphenol A - Epichlorohydrin polymer	>= 1 - <= 3	25068-38-6
Naphthalene	> 0 - <= 0.3	91-20-3
Quartz	> 0 - <= 0.3	14808-60-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact Inhalation	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/03/2025



Page 4 of 21 Print Date 01/10/2025

unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion <u>Over-exposure signs/symptoms</u>	 No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. May cause an allergic skin reaction. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	Adverse symptoms may include the following:
Skin contact Ingestion	 reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate medica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give

See toxicological information (Section 11)

mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/03/2025

AVIENT

Page 5 of 21 Print Date 01/10/2025

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO ₂ . None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. May emit Hydrogen Chloride (HCl). Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire- fighters Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self- contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with

5/21

water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-

Large spill

SAFETY DATA SHEET

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Í AVIENT

Version Number 1.5	Page 6 of 21
Revision Date 01/03/2025	Print Date 01/10/2025

insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach : release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/03/2025



Page 7 of 21 Print Date 01/10/2025

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 10 mg/m3 Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 15 mg/m3 Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (2022-01-06) TWA 0.2 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction, nanoscale particles TWA 2.5 mg/m3 Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
2,4,4-Trimethyl-1,3-penytanediol diisobutyrate	None.
Silica, cristobalite	OSHA PEL Z3 (1997-09-03) TWA 250 MPPCF / 2 x (%SiO2+5) Form: Respirable TWA 10 MG /M3 / 2 x (%SiO2+2) Form: Respirable OSHA PEL Z3 (1997-09-03) TWA 30 MG /M3 / 2 x (%SiO2+2) Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (2005-12-09) TWA 0.025 mg/m3 Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 0.05 mg/m3 (Calculated as Quartz) Form: Respirable dust OSHA PEL (2016-06-23) TWA 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust
Antimony trioxide	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 0.5 mg/m3 OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 0.5 mg/m3 (as Sb) OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 0.5 mg/m3 (as Sb) ACGIH TLV (2021-01-07) TWA 0.02 mg/m3 Form: Inhalable fraction
Silica, amorphous	NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 6 mg/m3

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/03/2025



Page 8 of 21 Print Date 01/10/2025

Bisphenol A - Epichlorohydrin polymer	None.
Naphthalene	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 50 mg/m3 10 ppm STEL 75 mg/m3 15 ppm OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 50 mg/m3 10 ppm NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 50 mg/m3 10 ppm STEL 75 mg/m3 15 ppm ACGIH TLV (1996-05-18) Absorbed through skin. TWA 52 mg/m3 10 ppm
Quartz	OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 0.1 mg/m3 (Calculated as Quartz) Form: Respirable dust OSHA PEL Z3 (1997-09-03) TWA 250 MPPCF / (%SiO2+5) Form: Respirable TWA 10 MG /M3 / (%SiO2+2) Form: Respirable OSHA PEL Z3 (1997-09-03) TWA 30 MG /M3 / (%SiO2+2) Form: Total dust NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust ACGIH TLV (2005-12-09) TWA 0.025 mg/m3 Form: Respirable fraction OSHA PEL (2016-06-23) TWA 0.05 mg/m3 Form: Respirable dust

Appropriate engineering controls	:	If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls Individual protection measures	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM



Version Number 1.5	Page 9 of 21
Revision Date 01/03/2025	Print Date 01/10/2025

Eye/face protection Skin protection	:	contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products
		if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	:	liquid [liquid]
Color	:	GREY
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
pH	:	Not available.
Melting point	:	Not available.
Boiling point	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not available.
Burning time	:	Not available.
Burning rate	:	Not available.
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/03/2025

ÀVIENT

Page 10 of 21 Print Date 01/10/2025

Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	:	Lower: Not available.
(flammable) limits		Upper: Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Solubility in water	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-	:	Not applicable.
octanol/water		
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
SADT	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Dynamic: Not available.
		Kinematic: Not available.
Aerosol product		
Heat of combustion	:	Not available.
		Not available. Not available.
Ignition distance	:	Not available.
Ignition distance Enclosed space ignition - Time	:	Not available.
Ignition distance Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent	:	Not available. Not available.
Ignition distance Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent Enclosed space ignition -	:	Not available. Not available.
Ignition distance Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent Enclosed space ignition - Deflagration density	:	Not available. Not available. Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from extreme heat and oxidizing agents.
Incompatible materials	:	Avoid contact with acetal homopolymers and acetyl homopolymers during processing.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/03/2025



Page 11 of 21 Print Date 01/10/2025

Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Titanium oxide (TiO2)				
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat - Male	6.82 Mg/l	4 h
	Dusts and mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 5,000 mg/kg	-
Antimony oxide (Sb2O3)				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	34,000 mg/kg	-
Bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin	polymer			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11,400 mg/kg	-
Naphthalene		•		
	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20,000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Mixture.Not fully tested.

:

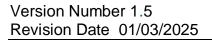
Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Propanoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1,1'-[2,2-dimethyl-1-(1- methylethyl)-1,3- propanediyl] ester	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	504 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Guinea pig	-		-
Antimony oxide (Sb2O3)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
Silica	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
Bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin polymer	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
Naphthalene	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-

Conclusion/Summary		
Skin	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
Eyes	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
Respiratory	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.

Sensitization

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM



ÀVIENT

Page 12 of 21
Print Date 01/10/2025

Conclusion/Summary Skin Respiratory	:	Mixture.Not fully tested. Mixture.Not fully tested.
Mutagenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
Carcinogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	-	2B	-
Cristobalite	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
Antimony oxide (Sb2O3)	-	2A	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
Silica	-	3	-
Naphthalene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
Quartz (SiO2)	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Mixture.Not fully tested.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Quartz (SiO2)	Category 1	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of : Not available. exposure

Potential acute health effects

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/03/2025



Page 13 of 21
Print Date 01/10/2025

Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the physical, ch	emi	cal and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness, reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate effects and a	lso c	hronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	:	Not available. Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effects		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Mixture.Not fully tested.
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Numerical measures of toxicity		

<u>Acute toxicity estimates</u> N/A

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/03/2025

AVIENT

Page 14 of 21 Print Date 01/10/2025

Other information

This mixture has not been evaluated as a whole for health effects. Exposure effects listed are based on existing health data for the individual components which comprise the mixture.

Section 12. Ecological information

:

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium oxide (TiO2)			· _
	Acute LC50 > 1,000 Mg/l	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 h
	Marine water		
	Acute LC50 3 Mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 h
	Acute LC50 6.5 Mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 h
Antimony oxide (Sb2O3)	•	•	
.	Acute LC50 > 530 Mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 h
	Acute EC50 560 Mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 h
	Acute EC50 3.01 Mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h
Naphthalene	·	•	•
	Acute LC50 0.213 Mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Melanotaenia fluviatilis	96 h
	Acute EC50 1.6 Mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h
	Acute LC50 2.35 Mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 h
	Chronic NOEC 1.5 Mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus	60 d
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 Mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Uca pugnax	21 d

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

Not available.

:

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/03/2025



hazards.

Page 15 of 21
Print Date 01/10/2025

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Propanoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1,1'-[2,2-	-	5,340.00	high
dimethyl-1-(1-methylethyl)-1,3-			
propanediyl] ester			
Bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin	2.64 - 3.78	31.00	low
polymer			
Naphthalene	3.4	36.50 - 168.00	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (KOC)	:	Not available.
Other adverse effects	:	No known significant effects or critical

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

U.S.DOT 49CFR Ground/Air/Water : Not regulated for transportation.

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/03/2025



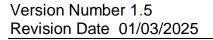
Page 16 of 21 Print Date 01/10/2025

International Air ICAO/IATA	:	Consult mode specific transport rules
International Water IMO/IMDG	:	Consult mode specific transport rules

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	 United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification: None of the components are listed. United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Listed
	United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furane precusor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR): Not determined United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): Listed Naphthalene
	United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 - Priority pollutants: Listed Antimony trioxide Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds Rutile, antimony chromium buff Naphthalene 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, 1,2-diisodecyl ester Miscellaneous Zinc Compounds Arsenic Lead Vinyl chloride monomer

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM



ÀVIENT

Page 17 of 21 Print Date 01/10/2025

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -Hazardous substances: Listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Not listed United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	:	Listed
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I	:	Not listed
Substances Clean Air Act Section 602 Clean H		Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	•	Not fisted
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	:	Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential	:	Not listed
Chemicals)		

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302)

:

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	RQ for component
Naphthalene	91-20-3	100 lb(s) 45.4 kg

SARA 311/312

Classification

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Titanium oxide (TiO2)	>= 10 - <= 25	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Propanoic acid, 2-methyl-, 1,1'-[2,2-dimethyl-1-(1- methylethyl)-1,3- propanediyl] ester	>= 5 - <= 10	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
Cristobalite	>= 3 - <= 5	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A
Antimony oxide (Sb2O3)	>= 1 - <= 3	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		17/21

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/03/2025

Page 18 of 21 Print Date 01/10/2025

Silica	>= 1 - <= 3	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
Bisphenol A, epichlorohydrin polymer	>= 1 - <= 3	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Naphthalene	> 0 - <= 0.3	ACUTE TOXICITY - oral - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Quartz (SiO2)	> 0 - <= 0.3	CARCINOGENICITY - inhalation - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

<u>SARA 313</u>

Form R - Reporting requirements

Product name	CAS number	%
Antimony trioxide	1309-64-4	>= 1 - < 5
Naphthalene	91-20-3	>= 0.1 - < 1
Lead	7439-92-1	>= 0 - < 0.1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations		
Massachusetts	:	The following components are listed:
		Titanium dioxide
		Bis (2-ethylhexyl) adipate
		Silica, cristobalite
		Antimony trioxide
		Silica, amorphous
New York	:	The following components are listed: Antimony trioxide
New Jersey	:	The following components are listed:
		Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer
		Titanium dioxide



DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/03/2025



Page 19 of 21 Print Date 01/10/2025

:	Bis (2-ethylhexyl) adipate Silica, cristobalite Antimony trioxide Naphthalene Quartz The following components are listed: Titanium dioxide
	Bis (2-ethylhexyl) adipate
	Silica, cristobalite
	Antimony trioxide
	Silica, amorphous
	Silica, amorphous, diatomaceous earth

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed isomers), which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Titanium dioxide	-	-
Diisodecyl phthalate (mixed isomers)	-	Yes.
Silica, cristobalite	-	-
Antimony trioxide	-	-
Naphthalene	Yes.	-
Quartz	-	-

United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	:	All components are active or exempted.
Canada inventory	:	All components are listed or exempted.
<u>International regulations</u> <u>Inventory list</u>		
Australia	:	Not determined.
Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China	:	Not determined.
Eurasian Economic Union	:	Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.
Japan	:	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
		Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
		19/21

Pennsylvania

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/03/2025



Page 20 of 21 Print Date 01/10/2025

New Zealand	:	Not determined.
Philippines	:	Not determined.
Republic of Korea	:	Not determined.
Taiwan	:	Not determined.
Thailand	:	Not determined.
Turkey	:	Not determined.
United States	:	All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	:	Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	2
Flammability		0
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual. History

<u>mistory</u>		
Date of printing	:	01/10/2025
Date of issue/Date of revision	:	01/03/2025
Date of previous issue	:	02/03/2022
Version	:	1.5
Key to abbreviations	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
		BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
		GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of
		Chemicals
		IATA = International Air Transport Association
		IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
		IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
		LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
		MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine
		pollution)
		UN = United Nations
References	:	Not available.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-

20/21

DGA0280 Fossil Gray SM

Version Number 1.5 Revision Date 01/03/2025



Page 21 of 21 Print Date 01/10/2025

named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. Particularly this information may not be valid for such material used in conjunction with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.